FOR GREELY'S RELIEF.

SPEEDY ACTION URGED UPON CONGRESS.

RECOMMENDATIONS BY THE SECRETARIES OF THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Washington, Jan. 17-The President transmitted te Congress to-day a communication from the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, setting forth the necessity for another expedition to Smith's Sound for the relief of the Signal Service party under Lieutenant Greely; and a special message recommending that an appropriation for that purpose be at once made. Secretaries Lincoln and Chandler in their letter to the President say: "The Beard of Oilicers of the Army and Navy, convened by the President, December, 17, 1883, to consider Greely relief expedition, is of the opinion that the control of the expedition should be committed to the Navy Jepartment, and that it is indispensable that it should be on the ground at the earliest possible time, There is no record of a vessel having passed Cape York, the northern-most point of Melville Bay, before June 1, and therefore, the expedition should arrive at Upernavik, the most porthern Danish settlement in Greenland, not later than May 20, and should be fitted and in complete readiness to leave New-York not later than May 1. The Board recommends the immediate purchase of two full-powered steam whalers or steam sealers, of from 500 to 600 tons displacement, and that these vessels should be thoroughly equipped with boats and sleds. We have the honor to communicate these recommendations to you, with our concurrence in them, and have further to express the opinion that it may also be deemed wise to dispatch a smaller and less complete-equipped vessel as an advance ship, which may be able to take greater risks in early spring navigation, than would be considered justifiable in the case of the two steam sealers, upon which the ultimate success of the expedition may depend. We recommend that Congress be requested to authorize the President to prepare and dispatch an expedition to the coast of Greenland, Smith's Sound, or Lady Frank'in Bay, for the purpose of relieving and bringing home Lieutenant A. W. Greeff and party, and that an appropriation be made for manning, equipping and supplying the necessary vessels."

In his message of transmittal the President says: "In the plans for the relief of this than May 20, and should be fitted and in complete

be made for manning, equipping and supplying the necessary vessels."

In his message of transmittal the President says: "In the plans for the relief of this party, as arranged with Lieutenant Greely, it was contemplated that an effort would be made to communicate with him and furnish him any needed assistance in 1882 and again in 1883. Subsequently legislation was enacted which required the expedition of 1883 to bring the party home. It was part of the arrangement that if communication should not be made with him on or before September 1, 1883, he should, with his party, abandon the station at Lady Frauklin Bay not later than the above-mentioned date and proceed southward and he would find a well-supplied relief station at the entrance to Smith's Sound, a point where it would not be difficult to reach him during a part of each year. The expeditions of 1882 and 1883 were sent, but neither one of them was able to communicate with Lieutenant Greely, and the last one failed to accomplish any part of its object beyond leaving a very small quantity of stores in the neighborhood of the entrance of Smith's Sound. The situation of Lieutenant Greely and his party under these circumstances is one of great peril, and in presenting the preliminary views of the Board appointed by me to take into consideration an expedition for their relief. I urgently recommendations of the Secretary of War and Secretary of the Navy to be carried out without delay."

LAST HONORS TO DE LONG.

AN OFFICIAL ORDER FOR THE RECEPTION OF THE BODIES OF HIM AND HIS MEN.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Secretary Chandler has written a letter to Commodore Upshur, commanding the New-York Navy Yard, in recard to the reception of the remains of Lieutenant-Commander De Long and others, of the ill-fated Jeannette, which are expected to reach New-York about February 15. The Secretary says: "In order that suitable respect for the memory of the de-ceased men may be officially shown, I have to request that you will take such steps as may be proper for the appropriate reception of the remains on their arrival at New-York, and for their transportation from the steamer with an escort through the streets of that city to the Brooklyn Bridge, and over the same to the station under our command, where you will cause the remains to be eposited until you are further instructed concerning their final disposition. In addition to such officers as you may select, Chief Engineer G. W. Melville, U. S. N.; Lieu-

may select, Chief Engineer G. W. Melville, U. S. N.; Lieu-tenant John W. Danenhower, U. S. N., and possibly oth-ers, will be ordered by the Department to report to you for the purpose of taking part in the reception. "Such societies or organizations as may desire to partic-ipate in the reception will be at liberty to do so, and you are authorized to make known the fact that on applica-tion to you for that purpose proper places in the pro-cession will, under your direction, be assumed to them. The Department will make suitable arrangements for the final interment of the deceased whose remains are not taken charge of by relatives or triends, and it is exnot taken charge of by relatives or friends, and it is ex-pected that the Naval Cemetery at Annapolis, M.L., will be selected for that purpose."

THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

COST OF VESSELS-SPEEL CRUISERS-THE ASIATIC

Washington, Jan. 17 .- The reply of Secretary Chandler to a Senate resolution calling for a state ment showing the date of construction, original cost and total expense for all repairs since their construction of Vessels borne on the Navy Register in November, 1883, has been sent to the Senate. The report shows that there were 92 vessels on the Register. Of these 20 were built prior to the Rebellion, 31 during the war, and 41 since the close of hostlities. The original cost of the 92 vessels amounted to \$10,796,613. Repairs on all the vessels vessels amount to \$81,997,435. The repairs as the figures show, have exceeded the original cost by \$404,209.

Secretary Chandler, Commodore Shufeldt, and Mr. Coryell, one of the civilian members of the Naval Advisory ard, were before the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs this morning, and gave their views at length upon the ed by Senator Hale to authorize the construction of additional steel vessels for the Navy. The com-mittee will hold another meeting Monday to consider the

Captain J. S. Skerrett, commanding the Asiatic station process., reports the following disposition of the vessels of the squadron under date of Nagasaki, Japan, December 15: The Richmond remained at Yokohama during November. She is in good condition. The Monocacy left Nagasaki for Yokohama. Her hollers are weak and need constant repair; otherwise she is in good condition. The Essex left Nagasaki, November 27, for Canton, for the purpose of releving the Juniata. At Nagasaki her boiler repairs were completed and she is in good condition. The Enterprise left Nagasaki, November 24, for Corea, anchoring of Rove Island, Corea, December 3. Her condition is good. The Juniata was at Canton during November, in good condition. The Palos was to reach Thentsin by November 5. She was in good condition. Captain Skorrett states that Commodore Davis had reached Yokohama and wis expected to join the Richmond at Nagasaki, to assume command of the station.

Commodore W. H. Whiting has been detached from the aptain J. S. Skerrett, commanding the Asiatic station

Same command of the station. Commodore W. H. Whiting has been detached from the Eavy yard, New-York, January 30, and ordered to com-mand the training ship Sanatoga, and Commander W. D. Dana has been ordered to the mary yard, New-York, Feb-

HEALTH ASSOCIATION RECOMMENDATIONS. Washington, Jan. 17.—Several resolutions adopted by the American Public Health Association at its recent session at Detroit were submitted to the Senate to-day. One urges upon Congress the necessity of making suitable annual appropriations for experimental investigations relative to the cause and prevention of infectious and preventable diseases. Another invites the attention of Congress to the many evils resulting to the American people from the large number and undue proportion acpeople from the large number and undue proportion according to population of insane criminals and paupers among the freign-bear population in the United States, and to the arrent necessity for the enactment by Congress of efficient laws-to provent, as far as possible, the coming of this foreign defective and eriminal population to burden the resources of this country and to debase, by transmission of their defects to their children, the mental, moral and physical qualities of the present and future people of the United States. Another is in favor of the free-enactment of the law of June 2, 1879, to prevent the introduction of infectious and contagious diseases.

DENIAL BY EX-SENATOR KELLOGG.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- In a memorial to the Senate to day, ex-Senator Kellogg, referring to the charges made by J. J. Newell in his letter of May 12, that be (Kellogg) and other Senators had entered into an arrangement to secure the passage of the act incorporating the Texas Pacific Railroad Company, says: "I prooce every statement and allegation in the communication signed J. J. Newell, which in any manner imputes to me any improper or questionable act whatever in connec-tion with the passage of the Texas Pacific act, a vile and malicious fabrication, utterly false in general and detail, and I believe it to be equally false as to every statement contained therein in any wise reflecting upon the charac-ier of the other gentiemen named."

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS.

Washington, Jan. 17 .- The total value of the exports of domestic breadstuffs from the United States in December, 1883, and in the six and twelve aths ended December 31, 1883, as compared with like exports during the corresponding periods during the preceding year, were as follows: December, 1883, 812, 941,693; 1882, \$17,087,799; six months, 1883, \$87,043,245; six months, 1882, \$117,822,556; twelve months, 1883, \$172,692,180; twelve months, 1882, \$182,678,865.

IN THE DEAD LETTER OFFICE. Washington, Jan. 17 .- A bottle of "pain care" addressed to Queen Victoria by a Georgia doctor. who I

confidentially asserts that it will cure Her Majesty's injured knee, is detained at the Dead Letter Office. Another curiosity of the mails is a communication addressed to Mesara, Blaine, Davis & Mahone, Machine Manuracturing Com Blaine, Davis & Mahone, Maching Maninactures com-pany, Baltimore, Indiana, by a Russian firm dealing in belting and rubber goods. This communication is sup-posed to have been called forth by an article published in a Baltimore newspaper, wherein Messrs, Biaine, Davis und Mahone are referred to in connection with political machinery. A hog snake, a centipede and a lizard were also detained in the matls, yesterday, and found a home in the museum of the Dead Letter Office.

REGULATION OF TRANSPORTATION.

A SENATE BILL TO CREATE A BOARD OF INTER-STATE

COMMERCE. Washington, Jan. 17 .- Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, introduced in the Senate to-day a bill "to establish a Board of Inter-State Commerce." It provides for a Board of Commissioners to be appointed by the President, as a bureau of the Department of the Interior, the commis-sioners to be five in number, for terms of two, four, six, eight and ten years respectively, the successor of each to hold office for ten years. One commissioner skall be experienced in the law, one in the profession of civil engiexperienced in the law, one in the profession of civil engineering, one with the management of railways, one with the agricultural industry, and one with manufacturing industry. The salary of such assured for the resolution, but thought it should go to a committee. It was referred to the Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice.

Mr. Springer, of Ridnels of the Committee on Paragraphic Committee on Parag industry. The salary of each commissioner is to be 7,000 per annum. The board shall have an accountant at \$3,000 per annum, and a clerk at \$2,500, the Secretary of the Interior to furnish such other clerical assistance as may from time to time be required.

The duties of the board are prescribed to be the consideration and investigation of all questions relating to commerce between the States or between the United States and foreign countries, especially the matter of transportation, as far as may be necessary to establish a just system of regulations for the government of the same. It is to make a report to Congress not later than December 1, together with the draft of a bill embodying a just and comprehensive code for the regulation of trans-

a just and comprehensive code for the regulation of transportation among the States, which bill shall embrace provisions for fixing both maximum and minimum rates, and for the preservation of tree competition within the limits so fixed, for the prohibition of discriminations of every kind whatsoever, and for applying the same principles of charge to all persons and corporations alike, and for the preservation and enforcement of the right of shippers to select the lines and parts of lines over which their shipments shall pass.

Whenever, in the judgment of the board, it shall appear that any transportation company has violated the provisions of law, it shall give the company notice in writing, and if, after such notice, the violation continue, it shall forthwith present the facts to the Attorney-General, who shall institute such proceedings against the company as may be authorized by law. The bill prohibits discrimination by transportation companies against any shipper, and provides a penalty of not less than one thousand dollars for each offence, to be recovered by action, on information by any party having knowledge of the facts, which action may by trought in the United States Courts of any district in which the company may have an agent or place of business—one-half the penalty recovered to go to the party damaged by the violation of law.

IN FAVOR OF RETALIATION.

THE BILL A HOUSE SUB-COMMITTEE HAS APPROVED. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17. - Representatives Clardy, Long and Davis, of Illinois, who compose the subcommittee of the House Committee on Commerce to which was referred for consideration the question of adopting measures of retaliation against countries which prohibit the importation of American hog products, to-day decided that the joint resolution of Representative Townshend was satisfactory and agreed to report it favorably to the full committee. The resolution, as slightly amended by the sub-committee is as follows:

amended by the ant-committee is as follows:

Whereas, The Governments of the German Empire and
Republic of France have seen fit to prohibit the importation of American hog products upon the assumption that
they were deleterious to the public health, and
Whereas, The Governmen, of the German Empire has
declined the invitation of the President of the United
States to send its own experts to this country for the purpose of examining the quality and the manner of marketine our hos products.

pose of examining the quality and the manner of marketing our hog products.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be
authorized, during the session or recess of Congress, to
prohibit the importation of any imports which, upon the
advice of competent experts, he shall be satisfied are injurious to public health, from those countries which, upon
the same grounds, prohibit the importation of any American goods or products.

The report will probably be submitted to the full committee to-morrow, and on Monday an effort will be made to have it considered in the House under a suspension of

GOLD AND SILVER CERTIFICATES.

Washington, Jan. 17 .- The Secretary of the Treasury sent to the House of Representatives to-day, in response to a resolution offered by Mr. Wood, of Indiana, a communication in relation to the issue of gold and silver certificates between December 1, 1878, and December 1, 1881, and during the years 1882 and 1883. The Secretary says that the amount of gold certificates issued between December 1, 1878, and December, 1881, is \$2,500; that the issue of such certificates was discontinued by a department telegram of December 3, 1878, to the United States Assistant Trensurer at New-York, and that the reasons for non-issue were fully set forth in the published letters relating to specie reaumption and the refunding of the National debt contained in an executive document of the second session of the XLVIth Congress.

The amount of gold certificates issued during the last six months of 1882 and the whole of 1883, is, he says, \$107,060,000. These certificates were issued in accordance with the provisions of the act of July 12, 1882, which authorized and directed the Secretary of the Treasury to receive deposits of gold coin and to issue certificates therefor; and he says the reason why the issue has been

therefor; and be says the reason why the issue has been limited to the sum named is that law enjoins the department to issue no more certificates than were covered oy deposits of coin or bullion.

With respect to the discontinuance of the issue of silver certificates since 1881, the Secretary says that certificates have been issued in accordance with the act of February 28, 1878, to the full amount of standard silver dollars deposited therefor, such issue from January 1, 1881, to December 31, 1883, amounting to \$119,740,000. Both gold and silver certificates, he states, have been issued to the full extent required by the acts of July 12, 1882, and February 28, 1878.

NATIONAL BANK CIRCULATING NOTES. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- In the Senate today a bill was introduced by Mr. McPherson, to provide for the issue of circulating notes to National bank ciations. It provides that upon a deposit of United States bonds, bearing interest in the manner now required by law, any National banking association making the sam shall be entitled to receive from the Controller of the Currency circulating notes not exceeding in amount the par value of the bonds deposited. Provided, that at no time shall the total amount issued to such association exceed the amount at such time actually paid in of its capital stock.

ANOTHER BILL BY MR. VAN WYCK.

Washington, Jan. 17 .- In the Senate to-day Mr. Van Wyck in: roduced a bill to secure reasonable rates of transportation to the people over railroads aided by the issue of United States bonds and public lands. This bill, Mr. Van Wyck said, he destred to introduce as a sub-stitute for the bill of like character introduced by him a few days ago. The first bill was limited in its scope to the Union and Central Pacific railroads. The present bill extends the regulating provisions therein contained to all railroads in the United States, which had received Gov erument bonds. He saw no reason why these provisions should not extend to all that class of roads. He did no assert that in its present shape the bill was the best that could be devised, but it is presented for the purpose of starting some movement by Congress in the direction in dicated.

dicated.

When the people of the United States gave enormous grants for the building of three railroad lines to the Pacific, it was on the supposition that there would be natural competition between these lines, but the wise purpose of the people and of Congress has been defeated by the corporations, which are "partitioning" as they call it, or dividing up between them, the great empire stretching across the Continent, as effectually as the partition of Poland had been effected.

PETITIONS FAVORING TEMPERANCE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.- In the Senate today petitions were presented by Mr. Blair, from the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of New-Hampshire, praying for the appointment of a commission of inquiry relating to the liquor traffic, and from the National Temperance Society praying for a constitutional amendment prohibiting the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquors as a beverage in the United States. Like petitions were presented by Mr. Morrill, from the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Vermont; by Mr. Bayard, from the same organization in Delaware; by Mr. Miller, of New-York, from the same organization in that State, and by Mr. Frye, from the Grand Lodge of Good Templars of Maine, representing 20,000 members.

NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.

Washington, Jan. 17.-The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Richard the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Riemaru Lambert, of California to be United States Consul at San Blas, Mexico; Pay Inspector Edward May to be a pay director; Paymaster Arthur J. Pritchard to be a pay inspector; also the following named persons to be postmasters: Willam B. Burton. at West Lebanon, N. H.; Miss Eunice G. Colburn, at Franklin, N. H.; Charles P. Carpenter, at St. Johnsbury, Vt.; Charles H. Edwards, at Portland, Conn.; Dana Rhodes, at Groton, N. Y.; John L. Harnish, at Honeoye Falls, N. Y.

THE SENATE SHIPPING BILL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- At the meeting of the Senste Committee on Commerce, this morning, the ship-ping bill was considered and two amendments were pro posed and favorably acted upon. The first is the limited liability clause which was contained in the bill of last year, limiting the responsibility of an owner to the share which he has in the slip. The other provides that the tax for the support of the Marine Hospital shall be abolished and the hospital be supported by the Government.

by Senator Miller, of California, to-day from the Committee on Foreign Relations, authorizes Rear Admiral J. W. A. Nicholson to accept a medal conferred upon bim by the King of Sweden and Norway, Rear Admirai K. W. Shu's it to accept a sword, a Persian carpet and other valuable articles presented to him by the Sultan of Zanzibar, and Rear Admiral C. H. Baidwin to accept a gold box, with a portraited the Emperor of Russia, set in oramonds, presented to him by the Emperor on the occasion of his coronation at Moscow.

SOME HOUSE PROCEEDINGS IN BRIEF. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17. - In the Honse to-day a bill was passed to enable United States Courts, in the case of the improper grant

of letters patent by reasons of fraud and misrepresentation, to declare a patent void, on application of the Attorney-General. A bill making all public roads and highways post routes was passed. Mr. Beach, of New-York, offered a resolution calling on

the Postmaster-General for all reports and papers refer-ring to the Star Route investigation made by special agents of the Post Office Department to the Postmaster-General during 1881. Mr. Skinner said he did not object to the purpose of the resolution, but thought it should go

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, chairman of the Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice, reperted

Mr. Springer, of Riinois, chairman of the Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice, reported back a resolution calling on the Postmaster-General for copies of all correspondence between the Department of Justice and the Pest Office Department touching the prosecution of persons charged with frands in connection with the Star Route mail service, and a statement of the names of individuals found to be indebted to the United States and the amount of indebtedness of each in consequence of such frands. Also for an itemized statement of the expenditures in the Post Office Department from March 4, 1881, to January 1, 1884, in the investigation and prosecution of such frands. Adopted.

Mr. Cox. of North Carolina, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a resolution requesting the President to transmit to the House any correspondence with the Mexican Government in regard to claims specified in Section 5 of the Act of Congress approved June 18, 1878; also, any correspondence relating to the few condition of things in Mexico since the proposed railway connection with the United States; also, any correspondence with Mexico and Guatemala in relation to the boundary question between those republics. Adopted.

Mr. Cox. of New-York, offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for information as to what progress has been made in the compilation of the Union and Confederate naval records of the War of the Rebellion, and what steps are necessary to secure their speedy publication. Adopted.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Washington, Thursday, Jan. 17, 1884. WASHINGTON, TRUFSCAY, Jan. 17, 1884.
WHAT CONSTITUTES AN INFAMOUS CRIME.—A sub-committee of the House Committee on the Judiciary considered to-day the bill introduced by Mr. Culberson, to define the meaning of "infamous erimes." The committee agreed to report a bill declaring all crimes punishable by imprisonment for a period longer than one year as infamous and to be prosecuted alone by indictment.

TO PENSION JEFFERSON'S GRANDCHILD.—The House

To PESSION SITTERION'S GRANCHILD.—The House Committee on Pensions to-day agreed to report favorably the bill of Representative Robinson, of New-York, to pension Septimia Randolph Meikleham, the only surviv-ing grandchild of Thomas Jefferson. The bill was sub-sequently reported to the House. The pension is fixed at \$250 a year, instead of \$5,000 as proposed by the original bill, and is payable quarterly in advance.

THE COURTS.

MR. GREER SHARPLY CATECHIZED. F. Henry Greer was a witness before Judge Freedman in the Superior Court, yesterday, in his suit against Tax Commissioner E. C. Donnelly. He brought his action to recover \$190, which he alleged the defendant owed him for a description of his villa on the Hud-son, with an engraving thereof, which the plaintiff had published in "American Mansions and Villas," a work of which Mr. Greer asserts he is the editor and publisher. Mr. Donnelly declared that the contract in the matter had not been fulfilled. A. H. H. Dawson appeared for the plaintiff, and John E. Develin for Mr. Donnelly. Mr.

Greer in his testimony declared that it was a difficult matter to collect debts from "pot-house politicians, Al-"Are you not a lawyer!" asked Mr. Develin. "I metimes conduct my own cases," replied the witness.

Mr. Develin-Did you ever sue Jay Gould 1 Mr. Develin—Did you ever sue Jay Gould !
Mr. Greer—I did.
Mr. Develin—Did you not go to Mr. Donnelly a few days ago and say to him: "I am connected with the press, and you had better settle this matter!"
Mr. Greer—I went there because—
Mr. Develin—Answer the question.
Mr. Dawson—Answer "Yes" or "No."
Mr. Greer—Well, yes, I did say something of that kind.

kind.

Mr Develin (producing a letter)—Did you not write the following lines to Judge Caton, of Illinois: "I am surprised that Judge Caton should make such a reply, considering that I am connected with the press, and conduct my own cases!" The last does not amount to much. Did you write that about the press!

Mr, Greer—Well, I thought—

Mr. Develin—I don't want what you thought Did you write that!

Mr. Develin—I don't want what you thought. Did you write that !

Mr. Dawson (decidedly)—Yes or no.
Mr. Greer—Weil, I wanted—
Mr. Develin—Answer the question.
Mr. Dawson—Yes, answer the question.
Mr. Greer—Yes, I did write it; but—
Mr. Develin—I don't want any "buts." Do you wish me to read Judge Caton's answer?
Mr. Develin—Read to words from a letter, which were far from complimentary to the witness, who exclaimed:
"I don't care to hear it; it is immaterial."
Mr. Develin—Oh!

The jury, after a few minutes' consultation, found for

HER SECOND BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT. The trial of the suit for breach of promise of | dangerous to one's credit to advocate an advance marriage brought by Mrs. Julia Hampson against John | wheat. A month ago, if a trader had walked about this Hinchliffe was continued yesterday at Paterson. The crowd to get puts on May wheat at a dollar, good defence was that the plaintiff bad deceived Mr. Hinchliffe for the year, he could have got the privilege in regard to her reputation for chastity in Bedford Leigh, of millions of busnels at a ridiculously small England. Mrs. Mary Jane Garrabrant testified that Mrs. Hampson had confessed to her that she had had a child in England of which Henry Harrison was the father. Richard Woodward, Mary Ann Risely and William Hilton reve similar festimony. A batch of depositions—taken by a commissioner in Bedford Leigh—were offered in evi-dence of the fact. The deposition of R. Marsh, a lawyer, now clerk of a court in the little English town, showed that he had been counsel for Henry Harrison, not only in affi latton proceedings, but in a sult for breach of promise of marriage brought by Julia Featherstone, now Mrs. Hampson, against Harrison. The plaintiff lost, her suit and had to pay the costs. and had to pay the costs.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT. Washington, Jan. 17.-The proceedings of

the United States Supreme Court to-day were as fol-

H. Winston and others. Continued p-r stipulation.
No. 110-The American File Company and others, appellants,
agt. John W. Garrett and others, and No. 111-William F.
Saylee and others, appellants, agt. John W. Garrett and others.
Argument concluded. Argument concluded.

No. 207-The Northern Pacific Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, axt. Johnston Wilson. Continued.

No. 2-9-John C. Vogel, executor, etc., plaintiff in error, agt. Timothy Grunz. Argument begun.

THE COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, Jan. 17 .- In the Court of Appeals to-day the following cases were argued: No. 18.—In the matter of the accounting of William B. Reitly and another, administrators, etc., respondents, agt. Henrietta brooks and another, appellants. Submitted. No. 13.—George Whiting and others, appellants, agt. Joachim bebenbeim and another reasonable.

No. 13.-George whiting and others, appendants, agt. Josemin benheim and another, respondents, No. 25.—Mi. hael Hynes, respondent, agt. Thomas E. Patter-n, executor, and another, appellants, No. 24.—Louis de V. Wider, appellant, agt. Lafayette amey and another, executors of Henry D. Ramsey, respon-No. 26-Estate of Elizabeth McCarter, deceased.

The following is the day calendar for Friday, January 18: Nos. 32, 34, 36, 38, 43, 44, 45 and 49.

COURT CALENDARS-JANUARY 18. SUPREME COURT-CHAMBERS-Before Barrett, J.-Nos. 65, 5, 12, 73, 136, 141, 161, 186, 190, 215, 297, 288, 306, 308, 311, 73, 73, 136, 141, 161, 185, 199, 215, 297, 298, 300, 308, 311, 315, 316.
 84, FREME COURT-GENERAL TERM-Before Davis, P. J., Brady and Daniels, JJ.-Nos. 76, 5, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 27, 29, 31, 22, 34, 37, 33, 36, 40, 42, 42, 45, 46, 48, 52, 64, 60, 67, 68, 71, 74, 75, 77, 78, 83, 84, 85, 80, 90, 99, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102.
 SUPLEME COURT-SPECIAL TERM-Adjourned until Monday, Language 38

| Supreme Court—Special Term—Adjourned until Monday, January 28. |
| Supreme Court—Crecut—Part I.—Before Lawrence, J.—Nee, 821, 1801, 578, 978, 1359, 1255, 827, 1226, 1043, 762, 1235, 1153, 445, 1211, 1168, 1205, 1881, 914, 1229, 1230, 984, 912, 1123, 1245, 1241, 1168, 1205, 1881, 914, 1229, 1230, 984, 912, 1163, 1426, 1241, 1489, 1489, 1489, 1681, 1221, 1142, 1285, 1090, 1428-1, 1482, 1493, 1496, 1485, 1001, 1231, 1142, 1285, 1090, 1232, 1487, 1492, 1496, 1485, 1001, 1231, 1142, 1285, 1090, 1232, 1487, 1492, 1496, 1485, 1405, 1074, 1376, 1717, 1066, 1236, 8078EE COURT—CHECUT—Part III.—Before Donohne, J.—Noa, 2315, 2310, 2302, 2021, 2091, 2499, 1191, 1393, 2829, 2827, 2218, 2379, 2300, 2321, 2091, 2499, 1190est—No. 1756. |
| Supreme Court—General Term—Before Donohne, J.—Supremo Court—Central Term—Before Seigneck Ulls of Theron Rykert 10:30 a. m.; William D. Fricke, 130 p. m. Supremo Court—Central Term—Before Termeral with of The Court Court—Termeral Termeral Te

THE LABOR QUESTION IN MARYLAND. Annapolis, Jan. 16. - Governor McLane

eent a special message to the Legislature to-day on the labor question, accompanied by drafts of six bills. One of the bills proposes to regulate the hours of labor, allowing, however, special contracts to be made with en ployers. The number of hours is left blank in the bill, but eight actual working hours, exclusive of time for dinner, are recommended. A second bill proposes to repeal the present law regulating the hours of employment of minors under sixteen years of age, and to enact a law prohibiting the employment of children under ten years of age in any factory or manfacturing establishment, and regulates the hours of labor of children under sixteen and OFFICERS TO RECEIVE PRESENTS.

Washington, Jan. 17.—A resolution reported—The fourth legalizes trades unions, provides for their formation, and defines the powers of such organizations. The fits defines the mention of the word "conspiracy" in connection with tradekundons. The sixth provides for the establishment of a Since purcha of labor statistics.

A SINGULAR SERIES OF FATALITIES.

FIVE FRIENDS KILLED IN TWO YEARS-THE PERILS OF A LUMBURMAN'S LIFE.

Malley's Mills, Penn., Jan. 16.-Hiram Stephens, William Jennings and his brother George, Ar thur Maley and Andrew Shaleros, all young wood-chop pers and log-trivers from the woods of Mame, came found work. George Jennings was crushed to death by a tolling log within two weeks of his arrival. Arthur Maley was accidentally shot by William Jenniuss while they were hunting some time after-ward. Before the year was out William Jen-niuss was drowned wille driving logs. Andrew Shaleros would not consent to work in the vicinity any longer, and went to the Potter County woods. Last week he wa billed by a falling tree. When Hiram Stephens, the fifth of the number, who had remained at Malley's Mills, heard the news of Shalcros's death, he resolved to return at once to Maine; but he had "hired out" until February 1, and, as he could not secure his release, he was com-

pelled to defer his departure.

A green hand, George Gough, was sent to the woods with Stephens has Monday to chop. Their "job" was three miles from the mills. That afternoon Gough, who had been cutting a tree, shouted to Stephens to run, as it was about to fall, and one of the branches would strike him. Steppens started, carrying his axe in front of him, but he had gone only a few steps, when he stumbled and fell. Gough ran to his aid, but before he reached the spot, the tree fell with a crash, and the limb that had been spoken of particularly struck Gough himself, knocked him down, and held him pinned to the ground. He fell on his back, the limb across both his legs.

When the tree fell, Stephens raised his head and looked around. He saw Gough prostrate beneath the branch, and arose with evident difficulty, and picking up his axe walked toward the tree. Then Gough was horrified to see blood pouring in a great stream from what must have been a frightful wound just above Stephens's groin. His been a frightful wound just above Stephens's groin. His face was deadly pale. He staggered to the side of his prostrate companion, and, although it only too apparent to the latter that Stephens was dying, began to cut at the limb to relieve Gough. He gave a few feeble and random strikes, then laid the axe within Gough's reach, and, saying that he was "done for," and Gough must cut himself out, recied away a short distance and fell dead.

Gough, knowing there was not one chance in a hundred that any one would pass that way, and aware that he could not possibly survive the night, held immovably in the snow, put all his energies into the task, and, though suffering intensely succeeded after an hour's hard work in cutting the branch in two and releasing himself. Then he found that his right leg was broken, and he could not rise to his feet.

in cutting the original in two and releasing himself. Then he found that his right leg was broken, and he could not rise to his feet.

There is a cabin a mile from where Gough lay, which is used by woodchoppers who camp out, but they never occupy it through the day. Gough determined to drag himself through the snow to that cabin, and he started on his laborious journey. When the choppers came into the cabin, about 6 o'clock, they found him unconscious on the floor. His fingers were torn and bleeding and his clothing in tatters. They succeeded in restoring him, and he was soon able to relate to them the terrible experience of the afternoon. His fingers were worn to the bone by clutching in the hard crust of the snow, in dragging himself to the cabin. He was rought to this village and will doublies recover. The dead body of his unfortunate courade was found late at night by the choppers, and brought here. Stephens had fallen on the keen edge of his upturned axe, and it had penetrated his abdomen to nearly half its length.

Spect Cod. 33 11 15 11 12 112, 1124 122 1.3500 1500 30 15

VERY CHAPE IF ONE HAD THE MONEY.

"Oye, Mrs. Costigan, but it breaks me poor heart to see the lovely stoot! kin buy at force ciuts a yard now, an' me paying twelve ciuts a yard fur two dresh patterns of the soit same last year, befoor they had the bastely tariff removed. Sure, this fray thrade is a blissin' to the poor."

"So it is the same, Mrs. Dinny. An' will yez be havin' new dreases this year, Mrs. Dinny!"
"Well, ef! du be tellin' yez !'m thinkin' not.' Yez see, as how it is, Molke is out of wurruck since the mills shut down, on account of what they du be callin' furrin importation.' But the goods is very chape if one had the money fur them, Mrs. Costigan."

FALLING PRICES IN CHICAGO.

ALMOST A PANIC ON THE PRODUCE EXCHANGE-THE BEARS TRIUMPHANT. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 17 .- It looked last night as it the grain gamblers were through selling, and were be ginning to buy; but appearances proved deceptive There has been no time since wheat was selling at \$1 0 for May, when the market appeared more thoroughly demoralized, or the traders more nearly panic-stricken than to-day. The May option twice dropped to 96 ac Cash wheat all day long was under 90 cents, and Jan usry and February were below that figure most of the day. The operators who have been selling for a month redoubled, apparently, their selling to-day; having become, it would seem, only more vehement and radical bears because of the great recent decline. If there are those who have been converted from the bear to the bull side, because of the ex traordinary change in values, they are keeping quiet, and timidly back their opinions. This local crowd have be come so overwhelmingly bearish that it is now deeme outlay. To-night one concern, Lester & Co., sold absolutely within a minute 700,000 bushels of May wheat at 973gc., offering 300,000 bushel lots, and selling the property as fast as the caller could get the names out of h mouth. Last night May wheat closed at 981gc. To-night it was going on the curb at 97c., having been down

May corn closed at 585c. last night. To-night it is selling at 57%c., having been as low se 57c. a number of Mo K & Tex se 6s

This market got its first instructions this morning from New-York. The produce markets there were reported panicky, and the stock market worse, in New-York which did not receive a dispatch which read something like this: "There'll be a failure on the Street to-day. Particulars later." The writer saw a half dozen dispatches of this tenor. They discouraged the buils, and embeldened the bears. Then everybody said that stocks had opened weak, and that there had been in some properties sensational leaders. The New-York quotation had been coming a half hour, and the wires from there were heavy with rumors, before this market opened.

It needed no great courage for the bear party here to

It needed no great courage for the bear party here to raid everythins, and they did. Not even the provisions escaped. Pork which had closed at \$14.77½ hast night, was pounded down to \$14.40; and lard and ribs were forceed down 15.20 cents. The fact that the visible supply of wheat had decreased 500,000 bushels, and of corn 90,000, counted for nothing. Bull arguments were in bad repute. Traders dired not use them. There were buying orders of course, but the follows who bought gave their commission men their orders, and then went off somewhere. The down hill movement was depressing and on all the hindsboards there was nothing but slumpy and decluing markets. To-pight wheat is 1½c, lower than last night, corn 1½c lower, pork, 17½c, lard 15c, and ribs 5c, lower.

markets. To-pignit wheat is 1-gc, lower than last night, corn 1-gc, lower, pork, 17-gc, lard 15c, and ribs 5c, lower.

There are rumors to-night that the markets are a little higher abroad. Some private cable messages quote wheat six pence higher in Liverpool. This, on the news of a substantial raily and an improved feeling on Wail Street helped to sustain the markets after 10 o'clock, and enabled the buils to regain a little of the drop which had some influence about the provision pit—that The Irice Churrent would concede in its next estimate a shortage of 300,000 in the hog crop. While the selling fever is at its heaght, and the bearishness of some big local traders more radical than ever, the conservative party, which is advising purchases rather than sales, is increasing in number. This market is likely, upon small provocation, to react so rapidly and violently as to half ruin the reckiess follows who are selling now as desperately as they did when the same property was twenty-five per cent higher.

The receipts of corn continue large. To-day there were 475 cars of corn; 215 of No. 2. These large receipts are caused, the grain receivers say, by the banks in the country crowding the farmer. Yesterday 149,000 bushels of corn were shipped, and nearly all of it went into Indiana, Miscousin, Michigan, and the other contiguous States which are bare of corn.

THE PETROLEUM MARKET.

The only news from the oil fields to-day was that the new wells opened in the Sheffield district were declining rapidly. The Petroleum market carried the raily of yesternay in prices as far as \$1 10 \(^1\)e. Around these figures there appeared to be a moderate supply of oil; the covering of "shorts" ceased, and as the day were on fresh sales were made by the "bears." In the last hour renewed weakness was disclosed by the speculation, and the price declined to \$1.08, closing at that price at the New-York Exchange; only 2s cent better at the Mining board. The market all day was under Oil City prices, and at the close traders were looking for a resumption of the recent selling movement.

The range of prices and the total dealings were as follows:

THE MONEY MARKET

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE. JANUARY 17, 1884. THE GENERAL LIST.

A	Op'g.	H'g't.	Low't	Pinal	Bist	Ask'd	Sold
B CR & Nor Can Pacific.	70	70	70	70 50% 50%	70	09	-
Can Pacific.	5534	861.	60% No.	502	But.	83 563 ₂ 51	4.00
an Southern	4018	50.5	49	501	Bollo	100	9.0
Cedar Falls	1114	1115	49	1:15	11	12	-
Cent of N J	8714	871	874	97.4	47 44	64	2
Cen Pacific	04%	647	134.4	154.74	65	155.14	Đ.
C & O 2d pref	15	15	15	15	1650	13 84 654 17	
C& Aiton	180	135	135	1.35	1334	65% 17 185 115% 143	
Chie & N W	1144	115%	1144	115%	11512	115%	11,8
do pref	142	142	142	142	14:134	14	277
Can Sonthern Cestar Falls Cont of N J Can Pacific C & O 2d pref. C & Altop Chic & N W do pref. C M & Se P tio pref. C St P M & O. do pref. C R I w & Q C R I & Pad. C C & I & P	814	8.129	87.4	188 %	334	83%	45,
CELD M. C. C.	139.72	2/2	11304	124	114	1144	. 1
do pref	901	91	807	91	91	01 44	1.2
C Bur & O	1.100%	120	1191	120	190	1201	1.8 1.7 3.5
C R I & Pac	116	116	115%	115%	1154	116%	00
C. C & I C	2	2	2	200	13,	9.0	3
Del L. & W.	114%	116'a	1144	116%	116	116%	57,9
D. & H. Canal.	105%	10.0	105	105%	1054	1053	1.3
D. & Rio (1	221	200 10	12	205	122	995	2.6
E Ten V & Ga	6	6	. 5 %	1	5%	. 6	2,2
du pref	1112	114	103	114	114	.12	1,3
Ill. Cent	1 5 2	136	135	136 %	135%	1384	2,7
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Loke Chore	16	051	091	054	155.2	0.3	65,4
LE & DOTE.	1.0	1634	10.8	103%	120.78	1/00	4
Long Taland	419	64	68	69	65%	B-14	
Louis & Nach	4430	45	4334	447	4474	45	28,8
Mem & Char	34	34	31	34	35%	96	1
Mach. Cen	877	88	877	88	88	91	- 6
M LS& W. pref.	33	33	33	83	831	35	30
M. K. & T	197	2014	195	20%	2016	204	3,6
Mo. Pacific	8614	88	86°W	85	877g	68	20.5
N Chat & St L.	502	5012	4842	4112	4312	50	1.1
V. Y. Cent	11114	11214	1107	1124	1124	11249	15,4
NY CASt. L.	874	8%	834	8 4	824	. 17	12,71 10 20
Y.L.E.& W.	24.56	204	24.5	25.4	20 %	23.4	12,77
TA VE	15	14	15	15.0	10	16	0,
WAOVY	1035	105	10	10%	105	102	5,97
Nor & West, pf.	3710	375	3710	37%	300	89	3
Nor Pacific	23%	2414	2314	28%	2414	24 %	6,11
go pref!	5(134)	51%	150°w	51%	51 49	5100	23,08
YL&W	8512	85%	8512	854	85	8512	4
· Imp	45	45	40	40	40	40	4:
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& W Pt	2712	273	2714	27%	28	2814	80
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do prof	261	943	97	200	981	10.4	3.56
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ank & M	: 22	1921	121 2	1221	1224	12234	36
V U Tel	7254	738	71 5	727	723	797	65,45
m Express	94	114	94	94	94 4	96	*
8 Express	57	57	57	57	54	593	- 1
Y&TL	138	138	138	138	136	14	15
ac Mall	41	901	503	201	2114	42 313 ₂	1,6
of Coal	13	13	113	1116	114	124	1.33
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CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS. Boston, Jan. 17, 1884.

Mo K & Texcons 7s 5,000 109 4

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CLOSING PRICES OF PHILADELPHIA STOCKS. Reported by JOHN H. DAVIS & Co., 17 Wall-st.

Bid. Asked | Bid. Asked | City 6a, New | 131 | 131 | 5 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 10 Bid. Asked.

THURSDAY, Jan. 17-P. M.

The stock speculation of to-day was of a mottled character. Early dealings showed a general decline in prices, and the later operations show recoveries that leave prices for the general market higher than they were last evening. The alleged moving motor to the late rally was the report that the Delaware, Lackawauna and Western Company had consented to leave to arbitration its percentage in the business from New-York.

As we are advised, the report is correct; but eyen that does not change the fact that there now are four railways between New-York and Buffalo instead of two railways a year ago "long Barring a continuous dribbling of stocks from the public the market is still a. purely local affair. But it must not be ignored that the loans of banks and of trust companies show that these institutions have a larger interest involved in the quotations for stocks than they ever before have had. The amount of their loans upon stock collaterals marks in an emphatic manner the difference between the terms "liquidation" and a shrink-up of values. The public evidence of indebtedness, as shown by the weekly bank statements and by the annual report of the trust companies, never was as large as it now is at this season of the year, Till after 2 o'clock prices for stocks generally ruled lower than yesterday's but after that there was a sharp rally which, almost without ex-ception, carried the figures above yesterday's claims. In the late advance the stocks of Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Lake Shore, Central and Hudson, Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, St. Paul and Northwestern were conspicuous; Western Union, after a rally of 13s from its lowest price, closed the same as it did last evening, and the Wabash, after rallies of 234 and 1 per cent, closed one half lower than last evening.

The market closed excited but unsettled. Government bonds were inactive at stoady figures, and the final quotations are as follows:

State bonds were entirely neglected; the nominal quotations are unchanged. Of city bank stocks, Republic sold at 125, Park at 162, and Commerce

From the opening of business there was a steadier and better tone developed in the general bond market, which may indicate, or it may not, that the sensitive scare on railway liabilities, which always must take precedence of the values of the proprietaryships-the stocks-has culminated. The prietaryships—the stocks—has culminated. The dealings in West Shore and Buffalo 5s, as recorded, amounted only to \$3,100,000 against over \$7,000,000 yesterday; they opened at 515s, declined to 505s, and closed at 54. Erie second consols rose from 883,2881, to 90, but the first consol 7s were off to 1261g. Chesapeake and Ohio-firsts, series B, rose 5s to 973, and the currency 6s were steady at 47 after 46. Missouri. Kansas and Texas general mortgages were off ½ at 80. Morris and Essex consols sold freely at 1243,2124½. St. Louis and from Mountain were off ½ at 70°s. Central and Hudsons debenture 5s brought 1033, for a small lot. East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia consol 5s were steady at 71, but the incomes were ½ lower at 27½. Chicago, St. Louis and Pittsburg firsts sold at 92½,2923, Northwestern debenture 5s were steady at 93, and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy debenture 5s sold at 93½,293. Kansas Pacific consols were off 1 per cent at 92½. Texas and Pacific incomes after 41 sold at 40½, and firsts, Rio Grands division, declined ¼ to 71½,2713s. Northern Pacific firsts after 100½ were steady at 101½,2010½. Oregon and Transcontinental firsts declined to 70. The Sub-Treasury to-day lost on balance \$597,040, made up by a loss of \$604,125 coin, less a currency gain of \$7,085; but the general balance shows an increase of \$2,290,960, because of a transfer to the cash of \$2,798,000 of gold certificates. The day's operations covered: Receipts, including the transfer of gold certificates, \$3,802,952; payments, \$116,949,581.

The local money market shows no change; call loans ruled at 22612 per cent. The domestic exchanges invariably are in favor of New-York.

Leaguries.

Leaguries.

Central Comparative quarterly sta ements of the National banks of the city of New York: dealings in West Shore and Buffalo 5s, as recorded,

Ot New 101A.

LIABILITIES.
Oct 2, '93. Dec 31, '83. Comparisons, \$20,350,600 \$49,850,000 De. \$500,000 \$15,424,000 \$18,078,000 \$3,373,800 De. 722,100 \$15,424,000 \$120,510,300 \$10. 4,900 \$120,506,400 \$120,510,300 \$10. 4,900 \$166,353,000 \$181,40,000 \$10.15,487,000 \$223,200 \$1,455,200 \$10. 1,232,000 Due Banks. EEEOURCES. Oct 2 %3. Dec. 31, %3. Comparisons. J. S. Bonds on hand. 2,206,100 2,696,600 In. \$153,800 to eccure circu-lation. . \$386,936,000 \$402,008,600 In.\$15,072,600

other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages Premiums on Stocks, Real Estate, and Furniture and Pixtures...Due from Banks Cash Items and Bank Notes 13,8°7,200 14,917,700 In 1,080,500 633,200 584,000 De. 48,200 10,752,900 10,765,400 In. 12,500 20,137,500 25,753,300 In. 5,615,800 4,483,600 7,171,400 In. 2,687,800 60,275,800 63,010,900 In. 2,735,100 20,772,800 24,147,100 In. 3,374,800 360,600 134,100 De. 226,600

..... \$386,936,000 \$402,008,600In \$15,072,600

Totals........\$386,636,000 \$102,008,600 In \$15,072,600

The Clearing House statement to-day was as follows: Exchanges, \$139,096,548; balances, \$5,134,538.

The United States Treasury at Washington to-day received \$867,000 "attonal bank notes for redemption. The customs receipts were \$407,172, and the internal revenue receipts \$306,957.

The foreign exchanges were quiet and firm at yesterday's reduced rates and quotations are unchanged for business as follows: Bankers' bills, \$4 84 and \$4 87 for long and short sterling respectively; 5,204 and 5,164 for francs; 94% and 954 for reichmarks; 40 and 404 for guilders.

The governors of the Bank of England at their regular weekly meeting to-day made no change in the bank's minimum rate of discount, and it remains at 3 per cent. During the week the bank gained £18,000 bullion, and the proportion of its reserve to its liabilities was increased from 364 to 40% per cent, against 40% per cent at this date last year. The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows a decrease of 1,025,000 france gold, and a decrease of 400,000 france silver. The Bank of England to-day lost £233,000 bullion on balance. At the London Stock Exchange, British consols were steady and unchanged at 101 9-16 and 101 11-16, respectively, for money and account. American railways generally were higher. At Paris, French 3 per cents rose

for money and account. American railways generally were higher. At Paris, French 3 per cents rose to 76.72½, and sight exchange on London ruled at 25.17½ francs to the £. RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL. Number of miles 1882 4,465 Second week in Jan 833,715 5307,746 Jan 1 to Jan 14 659,770 650,696 CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN. Number of miles 3,123 3,580 Second week in Jan. \$389,240 \$303,400 Jan. 1 to Jan. 14. 735,649 616,500 CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND OMAHA.
 Number of miles
 1,008
 1,170

 Second week in Jan
 \$72,935
 \$72,100

 Jan. 1 to Jan. 14
 145,035
 147,700
 ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO. Number of miles 661 726 Second week in Jan 588,210 \$61,7.0 Jan 1 to Jan 14 112,880 117,000 MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE AND WISTERN.
Number of miles 275 306
Second week in Jan 515,060 \$17,577
Jan 1 to Jan 14 29,570 30,468 \$16,300

EUROPEAN FINANCIAL MARKETS. LOSDON, Jan. 17-12:30 p. m.-Atlantic and Great Western First Mertrage Trustees' Certificates, 46%; Eric 25%; New-York Central, 11%; Illinois Central, 14%; Pennsylvania, 6%; Reading, 28%; Menican Ordinary, 60; Canadian Pacific, 56; St. Paul Common, 60. St. Paul Counton, 10.1

2 p. m.—Paris advices quote Three Per Cent Rentes at 75 france 5:5 centimes for the account.

3 p. m.—The bullion in the Bank of England has increased \$15,000 during the mast week.

The proportion of the Bank of England reserve to Hability, which hast week was 30-5 per cent, is now 40% per cent.

4 p. m.—Eric, 25% do second Councis, 31% New York Courtal, 114% Fennsylvania, 60% Reading, 28% Causalian Patine, 55%. Pacific, 55 4.
Pauls, Jau. 17.—The weekly statement of the Bank of Prance shows a decrease of 1,025,000 france in gold and 400,00 france in sliver.

MINES AND MINING.

SALES AT THE NEW-YORK MINING EXCHANGE.

	ACTUAL BALES				
Name,	open ing.	High est.	Low- est.	Final	BOLD.
Betle Isle				*.10	200
Bodie	7,50	8:00	7.50		744
Bu wer		1.40	,96	1.40	1,900
Central Arizona	.20	,40		121	100
Chrysolife	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	300
Con. Virginia		.28	27	7,28	800
Decatur.	,03	.04	.03	.03	600
Eureka Con	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95	100
Goodshaw	-80	.37	50	.87	800
Hale and Norcrose	1.8	1.80	1.85	1.85	100
Horn Silver	6.78	0.78	6.75	0. 5	400
Iron Silver	2.01	2 00	2.00	2.00	1,00
Lacrosse	. 377	107	.07	07	200
Maryland Cost Co	12,000	12.00	12,00	12 00	500
North Standard	-13	0.45	13	0.47	000
Navajo	2.20	.30	2.25	2.40	100
Robinson Con	.30	- 08	.30	1397	1,000
Happahannock	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	2,000
Silver King	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	100
Serra Grande	.80	1.85	.80	1.85	400
Senera Con	.09	09	.09	.091	500
Standard Con	5.75	6.00	6.75	6.00	445
Sutro Funnel	15	1.0	15	15	800
l'iozu	.33	.36	.35	36	200

Total sales for the day

* Assessment unpaid. † Buyer 60 days, .85. In mining stocks to-day, which generally were dull, Bodie was the feature in an advance to S14 on reports of a "big and" in the mine.

The Bulwer Consolidated Mining Company has declared a dividend of ten cents per share, payable January 31, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCKS. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 17, 1884.

Atta 1.024 Mexican 1.75 2.124 beicher 85 1.00 Monnt Diablo 2.00 2.50 Beit sile 100 100 Novige 1.00 Monnt Diablo 2.00 2.50 Best & Beicher 2.75 2.874 Northern Belie 4.5 2.00 botile Con. 7.75 12.30 Ophir 3.50 8.50 California 2.25 2.50 Savage 9.0 1.00 Con. Vurnia 3.00 3.00 Savage 2.00 2.87 Novige 1.00 Con. Vurnia 3.00 3.00 Savage 2.00 2.50 2.874 Orowa Point. 1.00 Gould & varry 1.874 2.1245 Utah. Grand Price 1.5 1.5 Hale&Norcross 1.874 2.1249

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL Jan. 17-12:30 p. m.—Cotton steady; Middling Uplands, 5 15-16d; do, Oricans, 6'sd. Salos, 10,060 bales, including 1,000 for specinistion and export; receipts, 22,500 bales, including 12.1 0 bales American. Futures—Uplands flow Middling clause, January and February delivery, 6-6-64d; do., February and March delivery, 6 60-64d; do., May and June delivery, 6 8-6-64d; do., May and June delivery, 6 7-6-64d; also 6 8-6-64d; do., May and June delivery, 6 7-6-64d; also 6 8-6-64d; do., May and June delivery, 6 7-6-64d; also 6 8-6-64d; do., Ally and August delivery, 6 17-6-64d; Fatures from—Cotton—The sales of the day included 7,250 bales American. Good Middling Uplands, 6'ad; Low Middling Uplands, 5 13-16d; Ordinary Uplands, 5 13-16d; Cordinary Uplands, 5 13-16d; Cordinary Uplands, 6'ad; Dow Middling Orleans, 6'ad; Cow Middling Orleans, 6'ad; Cow Middling Orleans, 6'ad; Cow Middling Orleans, 6'ad; Cow Middling Texas, 6'ad; Low Middling Texas, 6'ad; Low Middling Cordinary Orleans, 5'ad; Cordinary Orleans, 5'ad; Cordinary Orleans, 5'ad; Cordinary Orleans, 5'ad; Cordinary Orleans, 6'ad; Cow Middling Texas, 6'ad; Cow Middling Cordinary Orleans, 6'ad; Cow Middling Texas, 6'ad; Cow Middling Orleans, 6'ad; Cow Middling Cordinary Orleans, 6'ad; Cow Middling Cordinary Orleans, 6'ad; Cow March and April delivery, 6'ad; Cow